

## Writing Progression Year 1

Autumn	Spring	Summer		
<ul> <li>'Front Loaded' Objectives:</li> <li>Cohort specific and to be determined by Class Teacher</li> <li>To use finger spaces between words.</li> <li>To leave spaces between words.</li> <li>To sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortablyand correctly.</li> <li>To compose sentences orally before writing.</li> <li>-To form correctly-orientated lower-case</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>'Front Loaded' Objectives:</li> <li>'Font specific and to be determined by Class Teacher</li> <li>-To name the letters of the alphabet.</li> <li>-To write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher.</li> <li>-To re-read what has been written to check it makes sense.</li> </ul>	'Front Loaded' Objectives: Cohort specific and to be determined by Class Teacher		
letters, capital letters and digits 0-9.         Specific Genres to be taught are in red.         Additional genres can be taught if appropriate – linked to reading spine/in-the-moment events.         • Lists, labels, Non-Chronological Report, Stories from Different Cultures, Characterisations, Describing an Object, Traditional Tales, Diary Entry, Making Comparisons.				

Writing Transcription	Writing Transcription	Writing Transcription
Some spelling is correct, including spelling some common	Some spelling is correct, including spelling some	Some spelling is correct, including
exception words.	common exception words.	spelling some common exception
Evidence that pupil is using their understanding of phonics to	Evidence that pupil is using their understanding	words.
spell.	of phonics to spell.	Evidence that pupil is using their
To spell the days of the week.	Use -ing, -ed, -er and -est where the root word	understanding of phonics to spell.
	remains unchanged.	Add siffix -s and -es to create plural
Writing Composition		nouns/3 <sup>rd</sup> person singular for verbs.
Four <b>simple sentences</b> following the same pattern to create a	Writing Composition	Change meaning of adjectives/verbs
poem.	Sentences sequenced to form a short narrative.	using prefix 'un'.
Sentences sequences to form a short narrative.	Sentences sequenced to form a short letter.	
A short narrative has been written, but without appropriate	Some letter language used; e.g Dear.	Writing Composition
sentence punctuation.	Some letter language used; e.g 'Dear' and 'Love	Sentences sequenced to form a short
Some traditional story language.	xxx'.	report.
Sentences sequenced to form a short	Sentences used to form a short recount.	Report organised using question
recount.	Recount organised using question subheadings.	subheadings.
Use of steps written in style of instructions.		Sentences sequenced to form a short
Use vocabulary from stories (e.g Fairy Tales)	Writing Grammar and Punctuation	letter.
to increase vocabulary in own writing.	Spaces between words.	Some letter language (salutation)
	Some coordinating conjunctions; e.g and, so.	used.
Writing Grammar and Punctuation	Sometimes uses conjunctions; e.g and, because.	Sentences sequenced to form a short
Four sentences with a capital letter and full	Correct syntax for question and correct use of	narrative.
stop.	question mark.	Sentences sequenced to form a short
Adjectives to form descriptions.	Correct use of capital letters for names and 'I'.	recount.
Space between words.	Range of tenses used.	Sentences used to form a diary
Capital letters to start sentences, including the pronoun	Some adjectives.	extract.
́́Ч́.	Accurately punctuates most sentences.	Writing in the style of a diary with
Exclamation marks to show exclamatory statements.	Accurate use of 'but', 'and'.	consistent use of first person.
Some adjectives.		
Uses 'and' to join.		Writing Grammar and Punctuation
Some correctly demarcated sentences, but inconsistently		Spaces between words.
uses capital letters.		Correct use of capital letters, including
Capital letters for proper nouns and a full stop used.		for 'Neil Armstrong' or other proper
Line spaces between words.		nouns.
Uses 'because' accurately.		Correct use of 'because', 'and,'
Some understanding of starting sentences in different ways.		'when'.

Most sentences punctuated correctly
including question mark.
Capitals for proper nouns.
Correct use of 'and' and 'then'.

Some adjectives. Attempt writing an exclamation mark Sentences start in different ways, to connect ideas.
Form sequenced sentences. Correct use of 'suddenly'.

Working Towards	Expected	Greater Depth
The pupil can, after discussion with the teacher:	The pupil can, after discussion with the teacher:	The pupil can, after discussion with the teather.
<ul> <li>Orally compose sentences.</li> <li>Write phrases and sentences that can be read by others.</li> <li>Write simple narratives (real or fictional), sometimessequencing events.</li> <li>Spell some Year 1 common exception words.</li> <li>Make phonicallyplausible attempts to spell words independently.</li> <li>Form most letters correctly (uppercase and lower case).</li> <li>Demonstrate an awareness of how sentences aredemarcated with capital letters and full stops.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Orally compose sentences.</li> <li>Read their own work aloud to check for sense.</li> <li>Write simple narratives with sequenced events (real or fictional).</li> <li>Write phrases and sentences for a range of purposes.</li> <li>Make some effective use of story language (e.g. Once upon a time).</li> <li>Demarcate some sentences in their writing with capital letters and full stops or question marks.</li> <li>Use 'and' to join clauses.</li> <li>Make some use of capitals for proper nouns.</li> <li>Spell many Year 1 common exception words.</li> <li>Use a range of graphemes to spell words with long vowel phonemes and show increasing awareness of spelling rules.</li> <li>Make some use of 'ing' and 'ed' suffixes.</li> <li>Pluralise regular nouns.</li> <li>Form letters with correct orientation and from the correct starting point.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write simple coherent narratives about personal experiences or to retell a story.</li> <li>Demarcate many sentences with capital letters, full stops and question marks.</li> <li>Use a range of co-ordinating conjunctions to join phrases (and,but, so).</li> <li>Segment spoken words into phonemes and represent these by graphemes, spelling some words correctly and making phonically- plausible attempts at others.</li> <li>Spell most Year 1 common exception words.</li> <li>Form letters of the correct size and orientation most of the time and consistently use spacing between words.</li> </ul>